Medications for a Kidney Transplant

These are the standard anti-rejection medications commenced at the time of transplant. If a patient is unable to tolerate these medications they may be changed for a different brand\medication. Those medications will be discussed with you by your doctor\transplant coordinator if required.

Anti-rejection medications						
Medication name	Brand name	Action	Side effects (most common for other side effects see product information)	other	Appearance of medication	
Basiliximab (only given in hospital)	Simulect	Monoclonal antibody	 Low or high blood pressure Fast heart beat 	 Given IV in hospital only (day of transplant and day 4) 	Administered by nursing staff through the IV	

Tacrolimus Handling precautions for carers.	Should always use the same brand Prograf (capsules) Tacrolimus (liquid)	Calcinurin (a signal in the immune response) inhibitor	 Tremor Headache High blood pressure Diabetes PTLD Cancer Skin cancer 	 Morning and night Give consistently with or without food. Drug levels can be affected by grapefruit juice – do not eat or drink grapefruit After transplant Dose may be changed regularly due to blood levels. Capsules/liquid not to be given until after morning blood test. Dose to be brought to hospital and given directly after. 	Cloudy white liquid
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Mycophenolate Mofetil Handling precautions for carers.	Should always use the same brand Mycophenolate (tablets/capsules) Ceptolate Pharmacor Cellcept (liquid)	Anti-proliferative agent (inosine monophosphate dehydrogenase inhibitor)	 Diarrhoea Nausea Headache Low white blood cell count PTLD Cancer Skin Cancer Foetal harm (during pregnancy). Contraception required for sexually active transplant recipients. 	 Morning and night Drug levels can be affected by grapefruit juice 	White liquid
Prednisolone	Can use different brands Panafcortelone (tablets) Predmix (liquid)	Corticosteroid anti-inflammatory effect	 Nausea Vomiting Increased appetite Rapid weight gain Mood changes Bloating Acne Slow growth in children Diabetes Infections 	 Daily in the morning Do not stop taking without instruction from your doctor. Must be weaned slowly Doctor should be notified if unwell or having surgery as dose may need to be increased for a short time. 	Clear liquid

Medication (generic) Brand name name		Action	Side effects(most common for other side effects see product information)	Other	Appearance of medication
Omeprazole	Can use different brands	Anti-reflux Decreases acid production in the stomach (Proton-pump inhibitor)	 Stomach upset Dry mouth dizzyness 	 Take once per day away from MMF and tacrolimus 	Depends on brand.
Sulfamethoxazole/ Trimethoprim (most commonly called Bactrim)	Can use different brands	Anti-biotic To prevent pneumocystis (lung infection).	Low white cells in the blood.	 Daily at night 	R F 60 800 Or similar (ie white oval shape)
Nystatin	Can use different brands	Anti-fungal liquid Prevents thrush		 Four times per day Swill around mouth, swallow and do not rinse out. 	Yellow liquid
Valganciclovir Handling precautions for carers.	Valcyte	Only given if the recipient and/or donor is CMV serology positive prior to transplant. Anti-viral Used for CMV prevention or treatment	 Nausea, vomiting Infections Thrush Insomnia Low white cells in the blood. Potential Foetal harm (during pregnancy). Contraception required for sexually active transplant recipients. 	 Daily In the morning or as instructed by your doctor. Dose may change according to kidney function 	YGC 450 White liquid

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