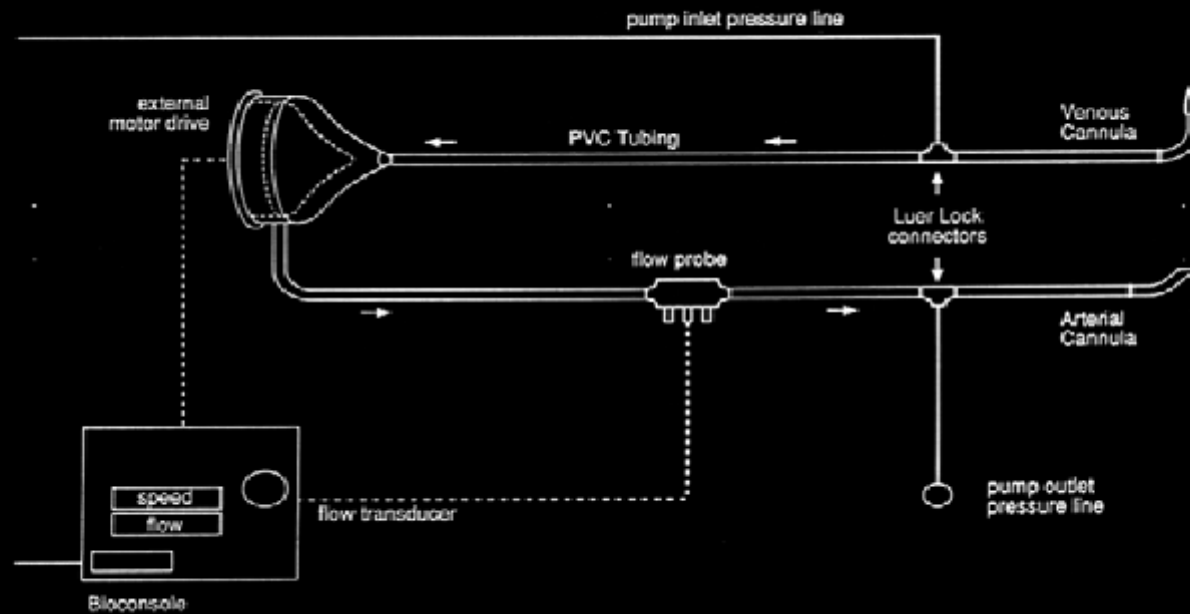


# Centrifugal Ventricular Assist in Children Under 6 kg.





# Indications for VAD

Potentially reversible ventricular dysfunction

Inability to be weaned from CPB

Postoperative low cardiac output

Planned bridge to transplant



# Contra-indications for VAD

Biventricular or pulmonary dysfunction

Irreversible dysfunction in other organs

Intracranial haemorrhage

Neurologic impairment

Sepsis



# Indications for weaning from VAD

Increased fractional shortening

Increased pulsatility of flow

Decreased left or common atrial pressure

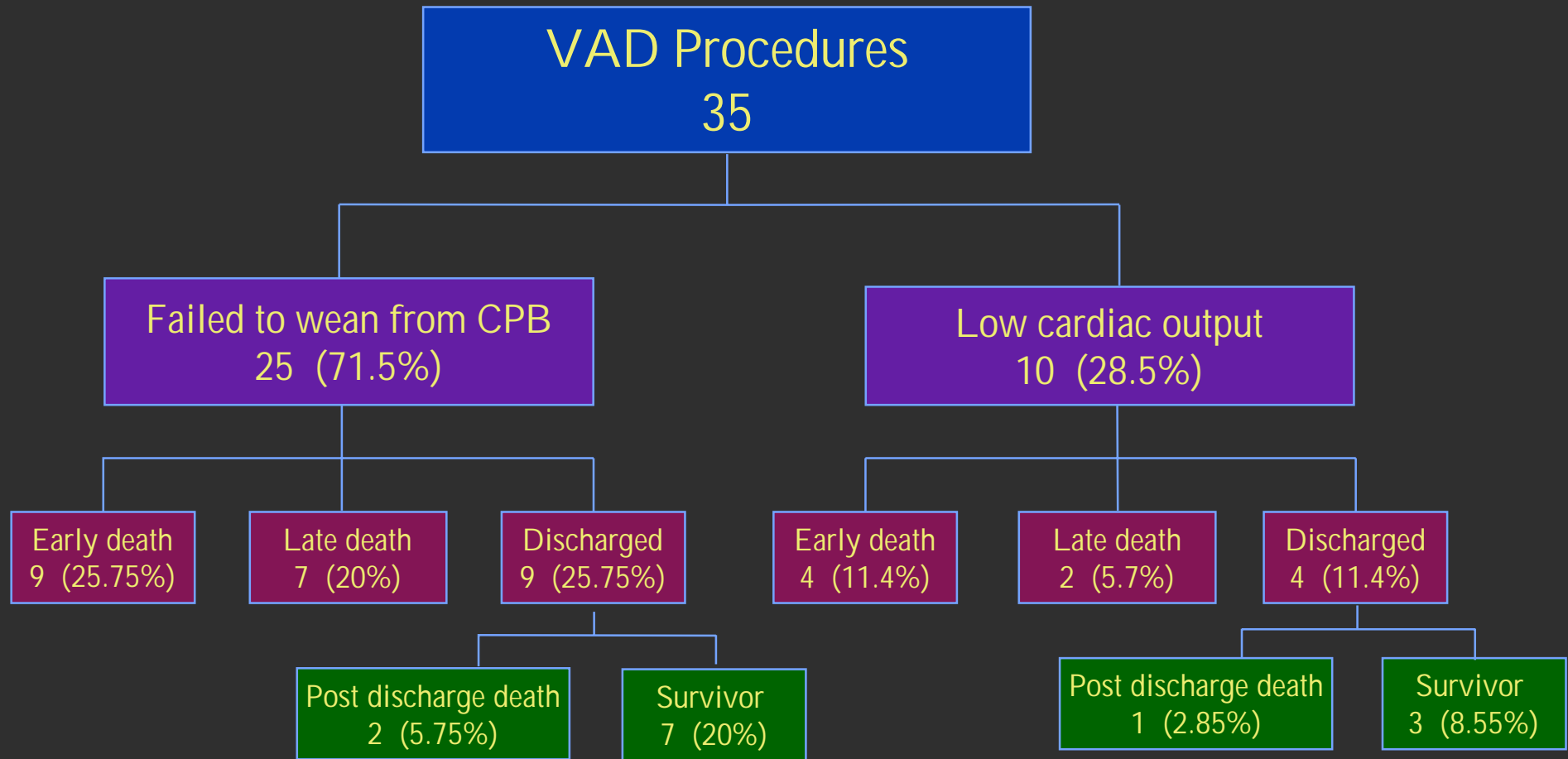




# VAD complications

| Complication                       | Number of Procedures |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Thrombus formation                 | 13/35                |
| Surgical intervention for bleeding | 6/35                 |
| Conversion to ECMO                 | 5/35                 |
| Cannula problems                   | 2/35                 |
| Chest opening for CPR              | 1/35                 |
| Total                              | 27/35                |

# Outcomes



# Patient diagnosis and outcome

| Diagnosis.               | No. of patients | No. weaned | No. discharged |
|--------------------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| HLHS                     | 12/34           | 7/12       | 3/12           |
| TGA                      | 8/34            | 5/8        | 5/8            |
| CAVSD                    | 3/34            | 1/3        | 0/3            |
| ALCAPA                   | 2/34            | 2/2        | 2/2            |
| Aortic Stenosis          | 2/34            | 2/2        | 1/2            |
| Mitral & Aortic Regurg.  | 1/34            | 1/1        | 0/1            |
| Mitral & Aortic Stenosis | 1/34            | 1/1        | 1/1            |
| Tetralogy of Fallot      | 1/34            | 1/1        | 1/1            |
| LVOTO & MR               | 1/34            | 0/1        | 0/1            |
| PA & LVOTO               | 1/34            | 1/1        | 0/1            |
| VSD                      | 1/34            | 1/1        | 1/1            |
| PA.IVS                   | 1/34            | 0/1        | 0/1            |

# Indicators of Outcome ?

|                           | Factors not predictive<br>of VAD outcome | Same analysis excluding<br>patients converted<br>VAD to ECMO |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| 1. Weight                 | p = 0.576                                | p = 0.651  |
| 2. Age                    | p = 0.532                                | p = 0.903  |
| 3. VAD duration           | p = 0.181                                | p = 0.126  |
| 4. CPB duration           | p = 0.549                                | p = 0.688  |
| 5. X clamp duration       | p = 0.984                                | p = 0.767  |
| 6. Univentricular anatomy | p = 0.296                                | p = 0.283  |
| 7. TGA anatomy            | p = 0.099                                | <b>p = 0.009</b>   |
| 8. Couldn't wean from CPB | p = 1.00                                 | p = 1.00   |





# Indicator of successful weaning from VAD

| VAD duration | weaned     | not weaned |
|--------------|------------|------------|
| mean         | 80.5 hours | 43.8 hours |
|              | $p = 0.02$ |            |

excluding conversion to ECMO patients



## Other results

|                 | No. of patients | No. discharged |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| R.C.H. < 6kg    | 34              | 14/34          |
| R.C.H. > 6kg    | 23              | 9/23           |
| Scheinin et al. | 9               | 5/9            |
| Costa et al.    | 13              | 7/13           |
| Del Nido et al. | 22              | 11/22          |



# Conclusion

Centrifugal VAD can be successful with:

patients < 6kg .  
post arterial switch.  
univentricular anatomy.  
shunt dependent circulation.