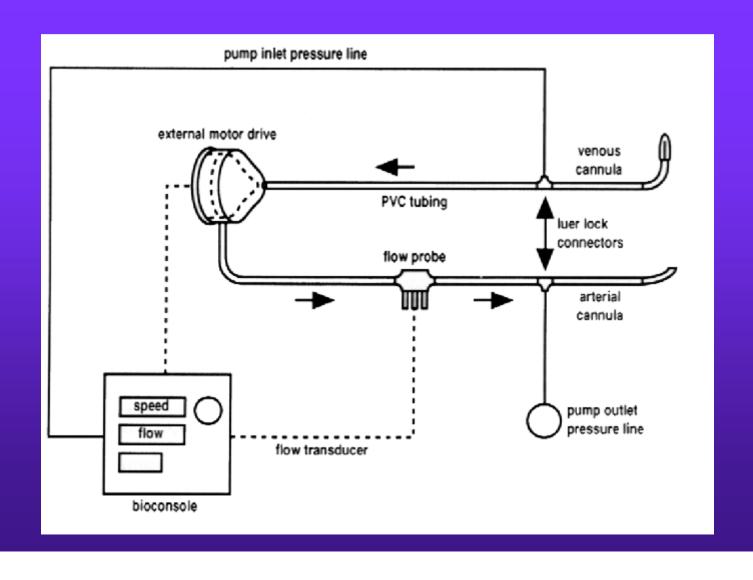
VAD: The Royal Children's Hospital Experience





VAD Circuit





- Leading cause of death after cardiac surgery
- Studies have shown potential for near normal left ventricular function in days to weeks
- Rapid restoration of normal systemic mean pressure & mean flow avoids the deleterious effects of the low flow state.



Miniaturising Adult Systems

- Limited experience in < 20 kg group
- Reducing pump size alters flow dynamics increasing thrombus formation
- Berlin Heart/Medos-HIA VAD have been used for short term support & as a bridge to transplant

VAD

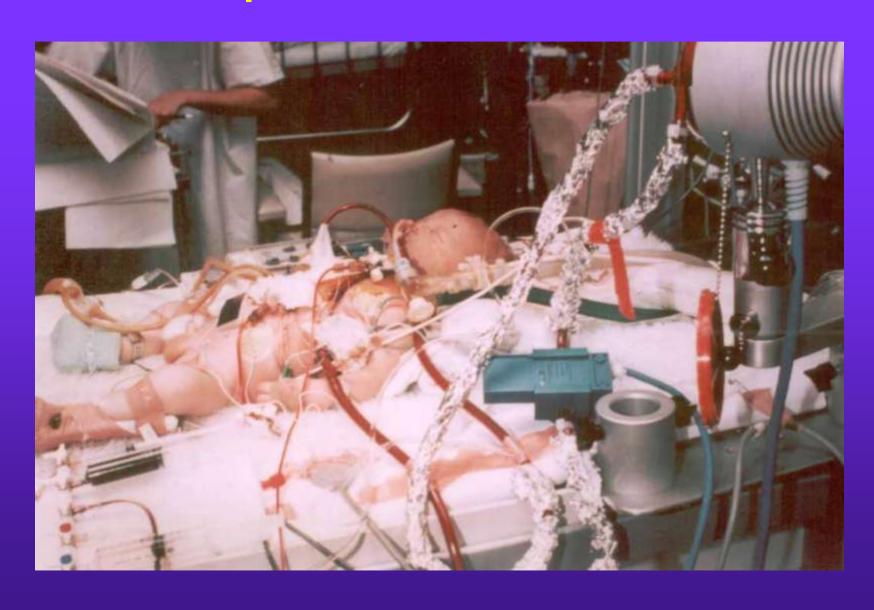
- n = 75
- 49 weaned (0.69, CI: 0.59 0.81)
- 32 discharged (0.43, CI : 0.31 0.55)
- Median age: 3.0 months (2 days 19 years)
- Median weight: 4.6 kg (1.9 70 kg)



Prior Operations

- Norwood procedure (n=15)
- Mitral valve replacement (n=3)
- Aortic root procedure (n=13)
- Arterial switch (n=16)
- Repair of supra-aortic stenosis (n=4)
- Heart or lung transplant (n=3)
- ALCAPA (n=6)
- Cavopulmonary connection (n=4)
- & others

ALCAPA repair & Arterial Switch Patients





VAD Details

Median support time: 75 hours (1 - 428) weanable

Median support time: 79.5 hours (2 - 114) not weanable

Median support time: 73.5 hours (38 - 144) discharged

Median support time: 91 hours (19 - 428) not discharged

Median CPB time: 208 min (181 - 235)

Median X Clamp time: 70 min (58 - 82)

Median CPB time: 85 min (8 - 654) All patients

Median X Clamp time: 41 min (0 - 369) All patients



Children under 6 kg

- N = 46 patients
- Median age: 26 days (2 258 days)
- Median weight: 3.4 kg (1.6 6.0)
- 30 weaned (0.65, CI: 0.45 0.78)



Complications

- Bleeding requiring exploration (n = 19)
- Sepsis (positive blood culture) (n = 3) with clinical signs
- Sepsis (positive blood culture) (n = 5) without clinical signs
- Neurologic defects (transient) (n = 3) survivors
- Mechanical (n = 26)

ECMO



- N = 53
- 36 postoperative
- 19 weaned (0.36, CI: 0.23 0.50)
- 2 bridged to transplant
- 11 discharged (0.21, CI: 0.11 0.34)
- median CPB: 186 mins (131 241 mins)
- median X Clamp: 53 mins (36 70 mins)

ELSO ECMO Results — July 2000

- N = 21,547 (total)
- 3159 children in cardiac category (14.7%)
- 2451 cardiac surgery prior to support
- 205 transplant related indication
- 108 myocarditis
- 219 other coagulopathies
- 494 other
- 1696 weaned (0.537, CI: 0.519 0.554)
- Overall survival 1242 (0.393, CI:0.376 0.510)

ELSO ECMO Results — July 2000

• RCH (0.36) wean

• ELSO (0.54) wean

• RCH (0.21) discharge

• ELSO (0.39) discharge

• RCH VAD (0.69) wean

RCH VAD (0.43) discharge

RCH ECLS (0.53) wean

RCH ECLS (0.34) discharge

VAD or ECMO?

- Global RV & LV failure ECMO (or BiVAD)
- Assess intra-operatively



Partial left heart bypass

Patient stable for 20 mins

•(RA < 12 mmHg, PA systolic < 1/2 systemic)
With or without NO

No RV dilation



ECMO

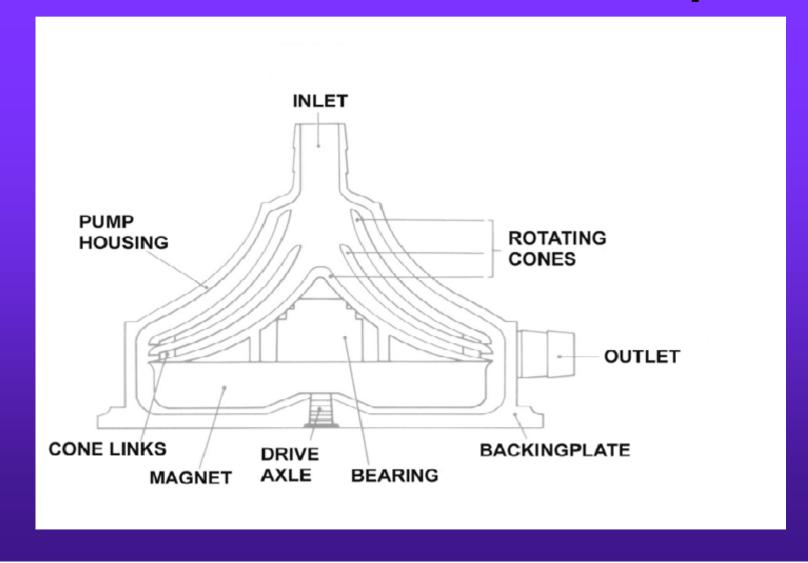


VAD - First Option

- May improve pulmonary hypertension, RV dysfunction & TV function
- Each patient must be individually assessed
- Simpler circuit
- Less surface area

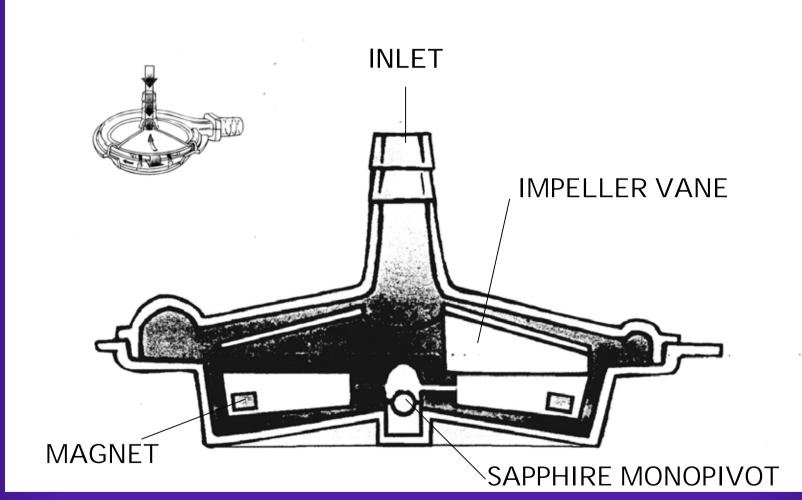


Biomedicus Bio-Pump



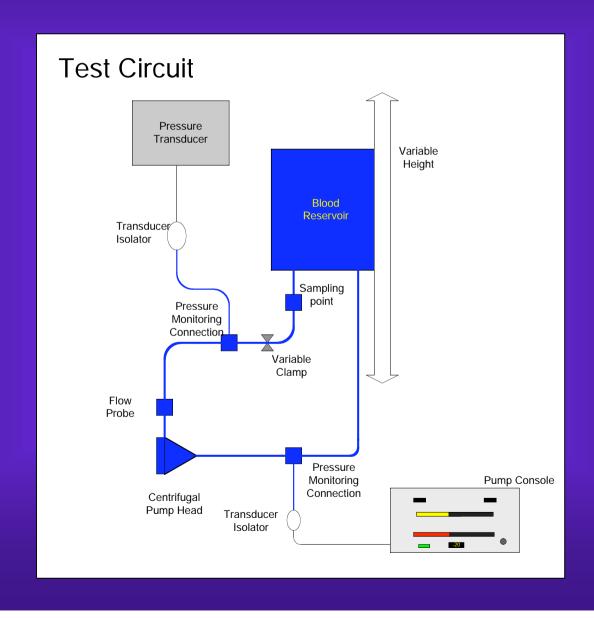
Jostra RotaFlow







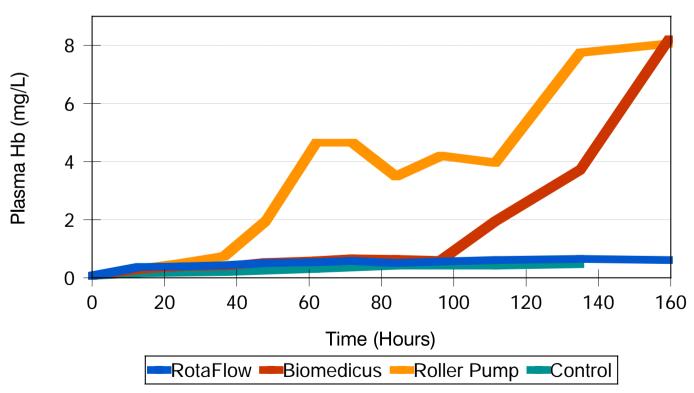




Centrifugal Pump Haemolysis Trial

Plasma Free Haemoglobin

Week 3





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